Opinion

December 18, 1958

NEW HAMPSHIRE LAW LIBRARY

OCT 01 1998

CONCORD, N.H.

Mr. Franklin Flanders, Chairman N. H. State Liquor Commission 109 Morth Main Street Concord, New Hampshire

Door Sire

In a conference on this date you asked the opinion of this office whether the the State Liquor Commission may authorize the serving of Liquor and beverages in the dining roces of first-class hotels holding hotel Licenses (RSA 170:3) at a time when denoing or entertainment is

## Our reply is in the affirmative.

A careful search of the statutes governing the sale of liquor and beverages and the regulation thereof by the Countsmion discloses no legiplative prohibition of the serving of these products where dencing and entertalizant may be taking place. There are, as you are aware, a number of statutory provisions prescribing one or another type of condition or restriction with respect to the sale of liquor and boverages as, for excurple. RM 176:11 (no liquor or beverages to be sold on Sundays or on election dere, with certain exceptions, booths in which liquor or beverages are sold must be open at the end and not more than forty-two inches high); RCA 176:3 (holders of hotel licenses my sell liquor by the glass and fortified whose by the bottle to bone fire guests with meals or in guest rooms, except no sales to residents if the hotel is located in a "dry" tom); ROA 178:3-a (holder of restaurant license may sell liquor by the glass and fortified wines by bottles with meals at tables only", the mails to be not less than one dollar); ESA 178:4 (special hotel license entitles holder to sell liquor and beverages in any room of the hotel but such room "ahall not have an immediate entrance upon any public way"); REA 181:4 (on-sale permit for sale of beverages authorizes sale "in the case of restaurants, at public tables . . . but only in a room used primarily for the serving and consumption of food . . . in the case of

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hotels or clubs, at tables or in rooms of guests." Other statutes deal with the percentl disqualification of certain classes of individuals. Thus by RGA 175:6, liquor or beverages may not be sold to a minor, an incane percent an habitual drunkerd, or to a person who is under the influence of liquor.

The foregoing is not intended to be an all-inclusive enumeration of restrictive legislation; but it is typical and illustrative of legislation in which reference to denoing and entertainment might be expected to appear if the legislature had intended to make specific provision in that regard. We reiterate that no statutory prohibition is found.

However, the Commission under the provisions of RSA 176:11 and similar statutes is authorized to makes rules and regulations governing the sale of liquor and beverages. One regulation which the Commission has made is as follows:

"Ceneral Regulation No. 19. No dancing or entertainment shall be hald on any permittee's or licensee's premises except as otherwise provided in the Commission's regulations." [See Famillet, Laws and Regulations Relative to the Sale of Liquors, Book and Vilnes (Jamuary 1, 1956), page 50].

With respect to entertainment, it appears that the Commission by regulation has contemplated that the same might be allowed with specific approval of the Commission. See Notel Regulations Nos. 9 and 10 (Perchlot, page 50). It appears that Chub Regulation No. 5 is sufficiently broad to permit denoing or entertainment in connection with authorized parties or other social functions. See Temphlot, page 46.

In view of the fact that the only prohibition against dancing and entertainment on the premises where liquor or beverages are served is that found in the General Regulation quoted above, it seems plain that the Commission may in its discretion alter its regulations in such a way as to permit the sale of liquor and beverages by the holder of a hotel license in a room where the activities under consideration are being carried on.

Very truly yours,

LOUIS C. WMAN Attorney Coneral

By

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